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## DOL, PBGC ANNOUNCE RETIREMENT PLAN CIVIL PENALTIES FOR 2019

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The Department of Labor (DOL) and Pension Benefit Guaranty Corp. (PBGC) have published their 2019 inflation-adjusted civil monetary penalties for retirement plans. The agencies must adjust these fines for inflation each year under the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015.

### DOL PENALTIES

The chart below shows DOL's maximum [penalties](#) relevant to single-employer defined benefit (DB) and defined contribution (DC) plans for 2019 and 2018. The increased amounts apply for penalties assessed after Jan. 23, 2019, for violations occurring after Nov. 2, 2015.

TYPE OF FAILURE	2019	2018
Failure to file Form 5500	\$2,194/day late	\$2,140/day late
Failure to provide plan documents to DOL within 30 days after request	\$156/day late, capped at \$1,566/request	\$152/day late, capped at \$1,527/request
Failure to notify DB plan participants about funding-based restrictions on benefit accruals, lump sums and other accelerated payment forms or unpredictable contingent-event benefits	\$1,736/day late per participant	\$1,693/day late per participant
Failure to notify DC plan participants about automatic contribution arrangements	\$1,736/day late per participant	\$1,693/day late per participant
Failure to notify DC plan participants of blackout period	\$139/day late per participant	\$136/day late per participant
Failure to notify DC plan participants about right to divest employer stock	\$139/day late per participant	\$136/day late per participant
Failure to notify separated participants about deferred vested benefits	\$30/participant	\$29/participant
Failure to maintain sufficient plan administration records	\$30/participant	\$29/participant
Failure of DB plan with liquidity shortfall to limit distributions to monthly single-life annuity amount plus any Social Security supplement	\$16,915/distribution	\$16,499/distribution

TYPE OF FAILURE	2019	2018
Failure of cooperative and small-employer charity plan to establish or update funding restoration plan	\$107/day late	\$104/day late

### PBGC PENALTIES

PBGC’s 2019 maximum [penalty](#) under ERISA Section 4071 for single-employer DB plans is \$2,194 a day (up from \$2,140 in 2018) for each day a filing, notice, or other information is overdue. The higher rate applies to penalties assessed after Dec. 28, 2018.

#### Broad Scope

The \$2,194 per day maximum penalty potentially could apply to virtually any late PBGC information or premium filing for a single-employer plan, including:

- Premium filings (the late-filing penalty is separate from the penalty on premium underpayments)
- ERISA Section 4010 controlled-group financial and plan actuarial information filings
- Form 10 or 10-Advance reportable-event filings
- Form 200 filings to report missed contributions in excess of \$1 million
- ERISA Section 4062(e) notices (when permanent cessation of operations at a facility results in a workforce reduction affecting more than 15% of all employees eligible to participate in any qualified retirement plan in the controlled group)
- ERISA Section 4063 notices (when a substantial employer has withdrawn from a multiple-employer plan)

#### Maximum Penalty Rarely Assessed

In practice, PBGC rarely assesses the maximum penalty. The agency’s current [penalty policy](#) calls for much smaller penalties, especially when a delinquent filing is made soon after the due date or the plan is small. However, depending on the facts and circumstances, PBGC might assess the maximum penalty in two situations:

- A sponsor fails to file Form 200 reporting a missed contribution that brings the total unpaid amount (including interest) to more than \$1 million — or files the form more than 10 days after the missed contribution’s due date — if PBGC would have perfected a lien had the agency known of the missed contribution. (If the sponsor promptly deposits the missed contribution, the agency typically won’t perfect the lien.)
- A nonpublicly traded employer with large unfunded vested benefits (for variable-rate PBGC premiums) fails to provide advance notice of a reportable event under ERISA Section 4043(b).

## RELATED RESOURCES

- [Department of Labor Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Annual Adjustments for 2019](#) (Federal Register, Jan. 23, 2019)
- [Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation Adjustment of Civil Penalties for Inflation](#) (Federal Register, Dec. 28, 2018)
- [Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation Assessment of Penalties for Failure to Provide Required Information](#) (Federal Register, July 18, 1995)

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